

**M/C MILLENNIUM**

It's the most elegant and comfortable catamaran in the Galapagos while also providing the highest standards of security.



**ITINERARY A**  
**WEDNESDAY TO WEDNESDAY**  
**8 DAYS - 7 NIGHTS**

DAY	VISIT
WEDNESDAY	AM - Baltra airport PM - Dragon Hill (Santa Cruz)
THURSDAY	AM - Plazas Island PM - Santa Fe
FRIDAY	AM - San Cristobal / Interpretation Center PM - Lobos Island
SATURDAY	AM - Punta Pitt (San Cristóbal) PM - Galapaguera Natural (San Cristóbal)
SUNDAY	AM - Cerro Brujo (San Cristóbal) PM - Leon Dormido
MONDAY	AM - Punta Suarez (Española) PM - Gardner Bay (Española)
TUESDAY	AM - Punta Cormorant (Floreana) PM - Post Office Bay (Floreana)
WEDNESDAY	AM - Charles Darwin Station (Sta. Cruz) PM - Baltra airport



All Galapagos itineraries are subject to change without prior notice due to National Park regulations, weather conditions, and majeure.

**M/C MILLENNIUM**  
**ITINERARY A - WEDNESDAY- WEDNESDAY**  
**8D / 7N - DAY BY DAY PROGRAM**

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**DAY 1 WEDNESDAY: BALTRA AIRPORT- DRAGON HILL**

At noon your flight from Quito or Guayaquil to Baltra Island arrived. After lunch on board, the ship leaves to the South west, your first excursion takes you to Dragon Hill (Cerro Dragon). You will find the last land iguanas living in Santa Cruz Island. Dinner and overnight on board.



**DAY 2 THURSDAY: PLAZA ISLAND - SANTA FE**

At dawn you reach Plaza Island. depends on the season you can find different vegetation, during a rainy season the color of the vegetation is green and in the dry season it changes to orange and purple. It is thanks to the powerful Opuntia cacti and bright orange-red Sesuvium that the island shows beautiful colors, in here you can also find land iguanas that dominate the field. A small sea lion colony lives at the cliffs on the south coast. The avifauna offers besides the brown pelican, tropic birds, swallow-tailed gulls, frigate birds, blue-footed and Nazca boobies.

Spend the afternoon on the island of Santa Fe. This is one of the most picturesque anchorages of the archipelago, where you can swim with sea lions and sea turtles. Dinner and overnight on board.

**DAY 3 FRIDAY: SAN CRISTÓBAL: INTERPRETATION CENTER - ISLA LOBOS**

Puerto Baquerizo Moreno is the administrative center of the San Cristóbal archipelago, you can visit the newly built visitor center. It shows an excellent exhibition about the nature and settlement history of the Galapagos.

In the afternoon you reach Isla Lobos. Near Playa Ochoa are some islets that are home to blue-footed boobies and frigate birds that nest between the salt bushes. Also, sea lions can be found again. It is also a good place for Saguaro cacti. Dinner and overnight on board.

**DAY 4 SATURDAY: SAN CRISTÓBAL: PUNTA PITT – GALAPAGUERA**

At dawn you reach the northeastern tip of San Cristobal, Punta Pitt. The path leads through colonies of frigate birds, swallow-tailed gulls, Nazca-, Red- and Blue-footed Boobies. Punta Pitt is the only place in the Galápagos where the three-booby species are found together.

In the afternoon a walk from the beach up to the high country, brings you to "Natural Galapaguera". For this distance it takes about 3½ hours (there and back). In the absence of shade trees, it can be quite hot in the warmer seasons. But you will be rewarded with the fact that you can meet the famous Galapagos giant tortoises in their natural environment on this route. The huge animals are up to 200 years old and weigh up to 300 kg. Dinner and overnight on board.

## DAY 5 SUNDAY: SAN CRISTÓBAL: BRUJO HILL - KICKER ROCK

In the morning you arrive at Cerro Brujo on the west coast of the island of San Cristobal. In this fascinating crater there are boobies, gulls and some pelicans. In the sheltered bay you can find some young sea turtles and stingrays, this is a beautiful place for swimming and snorkeling.

After lunch, drive along the coast to the fragmented tuff Leon Dormido (Kicker Rock), which serves as a nesting place of many seabirds. Look out for blue-footed boobies, pelicans and frigate birds. Dinner and overnight on board.

## DAY 6 MONDAY: ESPAÑOLA: SUAREZ POINT – GARDENER BAY

The flat, southern Española Island (Hood) belongs entirely to birds. Here, large colonies of nesting blue-footed and masked boobies. 10,000 albatrosses join this island from April until December. Also, tropical birds, various gulls, land and marine iguanas.

In the morning visit Punta Suarez, one of the highlights of the Archipelago, as it features a long list of species found along the cliffs or the beaches. This place, besides being home to five different marine species, is home to curious and bold Galapagos mockingbirds, doves and hawks. It is also the only place where we can see red iguanas. From May to December you may see albatross nests on the island and their newborns. You can also see various kinds of reptiles, including the marine iguana and lava lizard; they are unique to this island. When the waves are strong in Punta Suarez, the hit of water against the rocks generates thunderous jets that reach 30 meters. We will walk through a stone path about 2 kilometers, which lasts 3 hours.

In the afternoon you are in Gardner Bay which has 2-kilometer-long white sand beach and it makes one of the most beautiful bays. You will have an encounter with sea lions lazing in the sun. Española Mockingbirds welcome the visitors, often to keep close to Galapagos hawks. In addition to the marine iguanas sit down at the end of the beach and the bright red crabs walking over the rocks. Isla Gardner Osborn offers wonderful snorkeling sites. Dinner and overnight on board.

## DAY 7 TUESDAY: FLOREANA: POINT CORMORANT – POST OFFICE BAY

Floreana (Charles), in 1832 this island was the first to be inhabited by a wild mix of colonist, In the thirties, several deaths and the disappearances of some inhabitants, brought worldwide attention and lend an unresolved mystery until today.

In the morning, we take a stroll to Punta Cormorant. After a wet landing on the beach, we go down 100 meters along a path that leads to a mangrove lagoon. This lagoon houses Galapagos ducks, black storks, gold sandpipers and oystercatchers. Hopefully we can also see flamingos. Another trail leads to a small beach, which is an important nesting site, from December to March, if you are lucky, you can observe the pacific sea turtles, stingrays and sometimes reef sharks white tip which are often in shallow water.

Then, we visit the Post Office Bay, which keeps the legendary post barrel that, historically, the whalers used to send their mail. If you want, you can leave a letter here, hoping that reaches its destination by another tourist. Do not forget to bring postcards. At Punta Cormorant and Post Office Bay, you can snorkel. Dinner and overnight on board.



## DAY 8 WEDNESDAY: SANTA CRUZ: CHARLES DARWIN STATION – AIRPORT BALTRA

Although Santa Cruz was colonized in 1926 as the last island, it is now home to about half of the Galapagos residents and is the central location for the Archipelago. There resides the Charles Darwin Research Station; annually up to a hundred scientists from around the world whom are working on the nature conservation and environmental education, playing an important role. Therefore, a visit to the information center and the outdoor area with its turtles and iguanas enclosures has almost a must for every Galápagos stay. Around midday you will fly from Baltra Airport back to mainland, to Guayaquil or Quito.